



SRM

PUBLIC SCHOOL

A SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL

Educating Minds. Enriching Lives

Abhivyakti
2022-2023

Newsletter

SEPTEMBER 2022

BY GRADE VI



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From The Desk Of the
PRIMARY
COORDINATOR

இதுவும் கடந்து போகும்



வாழ்வில் வந்ததெல்லாம் நம்மைக் கடந்து சென்று கொண்டு தானே இருக்கின்றன. ஒரு விதத்தில் என்றும் நாம் தனியர்களே அல்லவா? இயற்கையின் விதியே இது என்று உளமார உணர்ந்து தெளியும் போது கிடைக்கும் அமைதி சாதாரணமானதல்ல அந்த அமைதியை மனதில் நிரந்தரமாக்கிக் கொள்ளுங்கள்.

*வெற்றிகள் கிடைக்கும் போது "இதுவும் கடந்து போகும்" என்பதை நினைவில் கொள்ளுங்கள். *கர்வம் தலை தூக்காது.*

*தோல்விகள் தழுவும் போது "இதுவும் கடந்து போகும்" என்பதை நினைவில் கொள்ளுங்கள். *சோர்ந்து விட மாட்டீர்கள்.*

*நல்ல மனிதர்களும், நண்பர்களும் உங்கள் வாழ்க்கையில் வரும் போது "இதுவும் கடந்து போகும்" என்பதை நினைவில் கொள்ளுங்கள். இருக்கும் போது அவர்களை *கௌரவிப்பீர்கள்.*

*தீய மனிதர்களும், பகைவர்களும் உங்கள் வாழ்வில் வரும் போது "இதுவும் கடந்து போகும்" என்பதை நினைவில் கொள்ளுங்கள். தானாகப் *பொறுமை வரக்* காண்பீர்கள். பெரிதாக மனஅமைதியை இழக்க மாட்டீர்கள்.

*நெற்றி சுருங்கும் போதெல்லாம் "இதுவும் கடந்து போகும்" என்பதை நினைவில் கொள்ளுங்கள். சுருக்கம் போய்*முகத்தில் புன்னகை தவழக் காண்பீர்கள்.*

K.V.Sheela Kesavan
Primary Coordinator

TWO LETTER PREDECESSOR FOR COURAGE

'Encourage' is the magical word in everyone's life. For any success, hard work and efforts are very important. In addition to this encouragement helps one to stay strong and achieve their goal. Hurdles will come in our lives but we must not be discouraged by them. It is only encouragement that will help us tide over these hurdles and reach our goals successfully. Use this magic word not just to achieve your goals, but to help others too to achieve theirs. The more frequently we use words that are magical, the more can be spread joy and happiness around us.

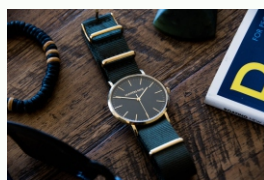


MRS. VASANTHAKUMARI J

Class Teacher VI 'E'

WATCH FOR SUCCESS IN LIFE !!!!

WATCH YOUR



WORDS

as they turn into your

ACTIONS

as they evolve into your

THOUGHTS

as they determine your

CHARACTER

as it decides your

DESTINY



MS. GEETHA K

Class Teacher VI 'B'

And finally for success in life : Don't look at the watch ;rather do what it does – KEEP MOVING.....

Do You Know?

- ◇ August has the highest percentage of births.
- ◇ The average person falls asleep in 7 minutes.
- ◇ A bear has 42 teeth.
- ◇ An ostrich's eye is bigger than its brain.
- ◇ Lemons contain more sugar than strawberries.
- ◇ 85% of plant life is found in the ocean.
- ◇ The most commonly used letter in the alphabet is E.
- ◇ Toilets use 35% of indoor water use.
- ◇ The average human brain contains around 78% water.
- ◇ The safest car colour is white.
- ◇ Spiders have transparent blood.
- ◇ The human body of a 70 kg person contains 0.2mg of gold.
- ◇ When lightning strikes it can reach up to 30,000 degrees Celsius.



MS. G V VINOTHINI
Class Teacher VI 'D'

The Educators write...



NEWSLETTER
BY GRADE VI

VEDIC MATH

Vedic math is a system of mathematics that was discovered by an Indian mathematician, Jagadguru Shri Bharathi Krishna Tirthaji during A.D. 1911 and 1918. He printed his findings in a Vedic Mathematics book – Tirthaji Maharaj. Vedic mathematics is also called mental mathematics in the mathematical world. We can say that the brain's capacity and its speed of calculations increases fivefold with the practice of Vedic maths.

Vedic Maths or Vedic Mathematics is a collection of Methods or Sutras to solve numerical computations quickly and faster. It consists of 16 Sutras called Formulae and 13 sub-sutras called Sub Formulae, which can be applied to the solving of problems in arithmetic, algebra, geometry, calculus, conics, etc. All the sutras and sub sutras of Vedic maths help to perform mathematical operations quickly and accurately.

Benefits of Vedic Math

The benefits of Vedic Maths can be explained in various ways. The application of Vedic maths in the simplification of numerical problems is many times faster than the modern methods of calculations. Sometimes, this way of simplifying numerical calculations does not require paper and pen also. Thus, learning Vedic maths saves time and improves the interest in learning more applications of maths. Some of the benefits of Vedic mathematics sutras are listed below:

Calculations become easy and short.

Simplifications can be done in less time.

Students undergo less mental stress.

Results obtained by sutra-based methods can be easily verified with normal procedures.

The possibility of committing errors by students using these sutras is negligible

The use of sutras helps students to improve their knowledge and interest in the subject of mathematics.

Vedic maths helps to solve difficult problems using mental calculations.



MS. GAYATRI R
Class Teacher VI 'C'

Tricks in Vedic Math

Vedic maths has many tricks to perform different mathematical operations such as addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, squares, square roots, etc. All these tricks help to compute the numerical problems in very little time when compared to the normal maths procedures. Vedic maths tricks reduce the time in finishing the calculations and create interest in learning more such tricks.

We have various tricks to perform the addition in Vedic maths. In this section, you will learn how to add numbers using one of the sutras called Ekadhikena Purvena with the help of an example.

Example:

Compute: $98765 + 63217 + 89522 + 60543$

Or

By Sutra Ekadhikena Purvena, add 98765, 63217, 89522, and 60543.

Solution:

Steps for adding numbers using Ekadhikena Purvena Sutra:

Step 1: Write the given numbers in rows and columns by giving some space between the digits.

Step 2: Column I (from the right side), add the first two digits,
 $5 + 7 = 12$

Step 3: Mark Ekadhika dot(.) on 1, (digit which is next to 7 in column II)

Step 4: Now, start again adding with 2; $2 + 2 = 4$
Again, start with 4 such that $4 + 3 = 7$

Step 5: Write 7 below at the answer's place

Step 6: Add the remaining columns in the same way.
Thus, the final answer will be obtained as:

	9	8	7	6	5	
0	6	3	2	1	7	
0	8	9	5	2	2	
0	6	0	5	4	3	
<hr/>						
3	1	2	0	4	7	

I love my daily school bus trip

It is indeed a pleasant experience to reach the school in the morning and to go back home in the evening by school bus. My route number is 8 and my school bus picks me up from my home at 7.40 a.m. everyday.

I greet driver uncle and helper aunty, on getting into the bus. I also greet my friends who are already inside the bus. As the bus moves towards the school, more friends get on and I love to chat with them. We talk about various things before reaching the school.

In the evening, I board the bus at 3.30 p.m. and reach home at 4 p.m. While getting off the bus, I thank the driver uncle and helper aunty and also say bye to my friends. Thanks to the bus, my everyday commute to the school is easy and safe.



B. KASHVI
VI 'A'

Short Story About My Mom

A mother is someone who without thinking about her own interests nurtures her child's interests. She is the one who will do everything to keep her children's dreams alive. No matter what, she will stand behind and protect her child in all the circumstances. She walks hand in hand with her child, be it the worst or the best situation in life. She is a person who takes up many roles in her life in order that she can take care of her child's dreams every time he needs. She is a motivator who will be there to guard the aspirations of her child. God has sent this wonderful being on the earth so as to help a child in his growing stage in learning through the way of life.



M. JIVITESH
VI 'A'

Elon Musk

Elon Musk was born in Pretoria, South Africa, where he grew up. He briefly attended the University of Pretoria before moving to Canada at age 17, acquiring citizenship through his Canadian-born mother. Two years later, he matriculated at Queen's University and transferred to the University of Pennsylvania, where he received bachelor's degrees in Economics and Physics. He moved to California in 1995 to attend Stanford University but decided instead to pursue a business career, co-founding the web software company Zip2 with his brother Kimbal. The startup was acquired by Compaq for \$307 million in 1999. The same year, Musk co-founded online bank X.com, which merged with Confinity in 2000 to form PayPal. eBay bought PayPal in 2002, for \$1.5 billion.

In 2002, Musk founded SpaceX, an aerospace manufacturer and space transport services company, of which he serves as CEO and Chief Engineer. In 2004, he was an early investor in electric vehicle manufacturer Tesla Motors, Inc. (now Tesla, Inc.). He became its chairman and product architect, eventually assuming the position of CEO in 2008. In 2006, he helped create SolarCity, a solar energy company that was later acquired by Tesla and became Tesla Energy. In 2015, he co-founded OpenAI, a nonprofit research company promoting friendly artificial intelligence (AI). In 2016, he co-founded Neuralink, a neurotechnology company focused on developing brain-computer interfaces.



MONISH VIJAY
VI 'A'

Student Articles...



NEWSLETTER
BY GRADE VI

The Strange toy

One night , Ram was looking at the phone when his mother called him. He went to the upper floor of his house. She said go down and get the parcel from outside the door. He too did what his mother had told him. His mother had told him not to open it. And so he took it to his mother. When she and his father opened the parcel he was surprised because it was a toy for him. He played with it for a long time in the night. Then went to sleep. Suddenly he heard some sound down stairs where he had kept his toy. So he ran down and saw his brother, mother and father. They were looking at something. The box in which he had kept the toy was broken. And the toy was missing. Worried he went to his bedroom. To his surprise he heard the sound of water. He called his mother, she checked in the bathroom. The toy was in the bucket with water. They were much more surprised. They took and kept it in another table. Once again the toy was missing. Then he found it under the bed. It was strange so they put it in the dustbin. But the next day it was in their house. Then they again broke it and put on fire. At that time, they heard strange sound, like someone screaming and the toy stood up and screamed.



RITESH. K
VI 'A'

My Brother! My World !

My Brother! My Brother!
You Just Arrived Today
As a Friend and Foe to Play
Ten Little Fingers- Ten Tiny Toes
Mommy's Eyes and Daddy's Nose!

My Brother! My Brother!
Welcome You Little One
Your Life in Time and Space Begun
World Can Use All You Give
So, Grow in Wisdom as You Live!

My Brother! My Brother!
Remember Always Who You Are
A Glorious Sprit and a Shining Star
A Precious Gift from God Above
Filled With Wonder Blessed with Love!

My Brother! My Brother!
We Look into Your New Born Eyes
And Silently Realize
The Love and Joy of Life A new
The Miracle of Meeting You!

My Brother!
My World!



P. RUVANTHIKA
VI 'A'

THE GREEDY LION

Once upon a time a lion lived in the forest. On one hot day, the lion started feeling hungry. So he started to hunt for food. He found a hare roaming around alone. The lion didn't catch the hare and let the hare to go telling that "A small hare cannot satisfy my hunger", and scoffed. Then, a beautiful deer passed by the lion. Now the lion decided to take his chance. He ran and ran behind the deer but since he was weak because of the hunger, he struggled to keep up with the deer's speed. The lion become tired and defeated, it went back to look for the hare to fill up his stomach for the time being. But the hare was gone. The lion was so sad and stayed hungry for a long time.

Moral of the Story: Greediness is never a good thing.

S.AADHARRSH
VI 'A'



SKY



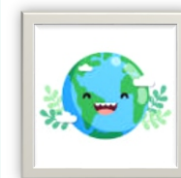
I'm glad the sky is painted blue,
And the earth is painted green,
With such a lot of nice fresh air
All sandwiched in between.

THEJAASINI.A
VI 'A'



OUR PLANET, OUR FUTURE

O sapien ! Nature is a beautiful sensation ,
Which with-holds the peering population!
It turns every static situation ,
Into a stunning stimulation ofAdmiration!
It provide us with all the Iconical Innovation,
Without the intention of hesitation!
But we, sapiens ,demolish nature ,
Without perceiving her fancy favour!
We must evolve our Mother Nature
Before she destroys our future.



A. SAKTHIVEL
VI 'B'



REAL HERO

From day and night,
working hard to fight!
Risking their lives,
For others to live .
Fighting for our family ,
That we can live very calmly !

They do everything only for, Indians and
Indian flags
Let's be grateful to them !
Grateful for what they do, for us!
For our martial military,
Who are our real heroes!
Vande Mataram!

DHANUSH
VI 'B'



Student Articles...



NEWSLETTER
BY GRADE VI

PIANO

The modern form of the piano, which emerged in the late 19th century, is a very different instrument from the pianos for which earlier classical piano literature was originally composed. The modern piano has a heavy metal frame, thick strings made of top-grade steel, and a sturdy action with a substantial touch weight. These changes have created a piano with a powerful tone that carries well in large halls, and which produces notes with a very long sustain time. The contrast with earlier instruments, particularly those of the 18th century (with light wooden frames, lightly sprung actions, and short sustain time) is very noticeable. These changes have given rise to interpretive questions and controversies about performing earlier literature on modern pianos, particularly since recent decades have seen the revival of historical instruments for concert use.

Question: Why was the piano created? **Answer:** The piano was created for 3 reasons: First, to provide a keyboard that could play both soft and loud. Second, to provide a keyboard that could sustain notes. Third, to provide a keyboard instrument that could do all of this with just one set of keys.

What was the original piano called?

The word "piano" is a shortened form of pianoforte, the Italian term for the early 1700s versions of the instrument, which in turn derives from *clavicembalo col piano e forte* (key cimbalom with quiet and loud) and *fortepiano*.

R.ANUSIKA

VI 'B'



CARS AND FRIENDS

Davis loved cars so much and had varieties of cars in his huge garage. One day, his best friend came to him asking for one of his super cars for himself. What do you think Davis would have done? Would he have refused to give his car. Your assumption was wrong, He opened his garage and gave one of his best cars that he had to his friend. His friend was happy and was also surprised of his friendship with him.

Soon, one day Davis was on a racing track and there goes the announcement "3,2,1...go", the race began. Davis was really going very fast, and he was ahead of others because of his daily practice but suddenly one person overtook him, and he quickly moved on. Davis geared up and he was driving fiercely to take the first position, so he tried harder and harder and made to the position 1. Even the other cars were heading up and Davis almost reached the finishing line, and he used the final neutral booster and then all ended up. To his surprise, he was the first one to finish the race. He was so excited and jumped out of joy. There came the announcement that "Davis had won the race" and all his friends and family were so thrilled and jumped out of joy. Davis went forward to receive his medal and trophy, a proud moment of his life.

Moral: When you think good and do good, all good comes to you.

This Journey Was A Marvel,
Which I Would Like Again To Travel!

JOY OF TRAVEL

Riding in A Heavy Rain,
By Our Favourite Train,
Running Around Beautiful Mountains,
Cutting Across Gurgling Fountains,
Riding Across Narrow Hills,
Which Makes My Mind Fill,

Looking At The Window To Find,
Which Clears Off The Headache In My Mind,
Riding On The Beautiful Bridge,
Which Is Cool As The Chillness In The Fridge,
Riding With The Sunny Sun,
Which Is Always A Fun,

Riding In The Woods With Tall Trees,
Which Makes My Mind Free.
This Journey Was Marvel,
Which I Would Like Again To Travel!



T.K.B ARAWAAZHI ANIRUTHTHAN

VI 'B'

DENNIS JOSEPH. D

VI 'B'



The Birth of the Sun:

Five billion years ago, a giant cloud floated in one of the spiral arms of the Milky Way galaxy. This cloud, called a nebula by astronomers, was made up of dust and gas, mostly hydrogen and helium, with a small percentage of heavier atoms. These heavier atoms had been formed earlier in the history of the Universe when other stars aged and died.

This cloud/nebula began to contract, collapsing in on itself. The atoms, once separated, began to jostle each other, generating heat. In the rising heat, the atoms collided more frequently and more violently. Eventually, they reached a temperature at which the protons at the centers of the atoms began to fuse, in a process called nuclear fusion. As they did, a tiny bit of matter transformed into a whole lot of energy, and a star was born. In this way, our Sun came into being.

The Birth of the Planets:

The material in the nebula not absorbed into the Sun swirled around it into a flat disk of dust and gas, held in orbit by the Sun's gravity. This disk is called an accretion disk. Material in the disk accumulated by further accretion — from sticking together.

Each planet began as microscopic grains of dust in the accretion disk. The atoms and molecules began to stick together, or accrete, into larger particles. By gentle collisions, some grains built up into balls and then into objects a mile in diameter, called planetesimals. These objects were big enough to attract others by gravity rather than by chance.

If the collisions of planetesimals occurred at high speeds, they could shatter the objects. But when impacts were gentle enough, the objects combined and grew. For some 10 to 100 million years these protoplanets orbited the Sun, some in egg-shaped circuits that resulted in more frequent collisions.

Worlds collided, combined, and evolved for a dramatic period of time. When it was over, there remained eight stable planets that had swept their orbits clean. A planet is defined as a body that orbits the Sun, is massive enough for its own gravity to make it spherical, and has cleaned its neighbourhood of smaller objects.

In 2007, researchers at the University of California–Davis determined that our Solar System was fully formed at 4.568 billion years ago. They did this by determining the age of stony materials from the asteroid belt.

The Sun sent out energy and particles in a steady stream, called stellar winds. These winds proved so strong that they blew off most the gases of the four planets closest to the Sun, leaving them smaller, with only their rocks and metals intact. That's why they are called rocky, or terrestrial, planets. The four outer planets were so far from the Sun that its winds could not blow away their ice and gases. They remained gaseous, with only a small rocky core.

They were made of more gas (namely hydrogen and helium) than the others to begin with, the Sun's gravity having pulled closer the heavier materials in the original solar disk.

Between the inner and outer planets lies an area filled with millions of asteroids — small rocky, icy, and metallic bodies left over from the formation of the Solar System. No planet formed in this area. Astronomers theorize that Jupiter's gravity influenced this region so much that no large planet could take shape. Jupiter is 11 times the size (in diameter) of Earth and more than twice as big as all the other planets combined. It is almost large enough to have become a star. Of the four rocky planets, Mercury is the small.

Conditions on Earth:

When the rocky planets first formed, they were largely melted (molten) rock. Over hundreds of millions of years, they slowly cooled. Eventually Mercury and Mars, because they are small, solidified and became rigid all the way to their centers.

Only on Earth, and possibly on Venus, have conditions remained in an in-between state. Earth has stayed partially molten. Its crust is solid rock, and its mantle is rigid in short-term time. But over geologic time the mantle flows slowly. And the center of Earth consists of a solid iron core rotating in hot liquid called magma.

Some scientists and Big Historians use the term “Goldilocks Conditions” to describe conditions on Earth. This comes from an Anglo-Saxon children's story, “Goldilocks and the Three Bears.” In the story, a young girl named Goldilocks wanders into the home of three bears, who are away. She tries out their porridge, their chairs, and their beds, finding some too hot or too cold, too hard or too soft, too large or too small, but one of each just right. Likewise, Earth is not too hot or too cold, not too big or too little, not too near the Sun or too far away, but just right for life to flourish.



M.DEEKSHITHA
VI 'B'

15 FASCINATING FACTS ABOUT AMAZON RAINFOREST

9

15 Fascinating facts about Amazon rainforest

1. The name 'Amazon' was given by Spanish explorer Francisco Orellana, after he was attacked when exploring the region by female warriors named the Icamíabas, or 'women without husbands'. He compared them to the Amazons of Greek mythology.
2. If the Amazon rainforest was a country, it would be the 14th largest in the world, measuring in at a whopping 5.5 million km² (2.1 million square miles), larger than Mexico and only a little smaller than Saudi Arabia.
3. More than 20% of the world's oxygen is produced by the Amazon rainforest.
4. 25% of all western pharmaceuticals come from rainforest-based ingredients, yet less than 1% of the trees and medicinal plants in the Amazon have ever been tested by scientists.
5. The Amazon rainforest contains more than 3,000 fruits. Only 200 of these are consumed in the western world.
6. More than 80% of the world's food has its origins in the Amazon rainforest.
7. It's home to an estimated 40,000 plant species, including 16,000 native tree types. Indeed, one hectare (2.47 acres) of the rainforest alone can contain more than 500 types of trees and 1,500 types of plants.
8. It's home to an estimated 40,000 plant species, including 16,000 native tree types. Indeed, one hectare (2.47 acres) of the rainforest alone can contain more than 500 types of trees and 1,500 types of plants.
9. It's easy to forget that humans are also native to the Amazon, with 21 million permanent inhabitants forming a population roughly equal to that of London, New York, and LA combined. The largest conurbations are in Brazil in Manaus (2m people) and Belém (1.4m).
10. The Amazon rainforest covers some 40% of the South American continent.
11. You can explore the Amazon from 9 countries; Brazil, Colombia, Peru, Venezuela, Ecuador, Bolivia, and the three Guyanas.
12. The rainforest floor is very dark, with less than 1% of the light making it through the canopy of the trees.
13. Whilst Amazon deforestation has slowed in recent years, 'rates in 2020 were the highest they've been for a decade, with 11,088 sq km lost in one year in Brazil, an area approximately 7 times the size of London. It is estimated that we are making more than 137 species extinct every day!
14. Around 30% of our carbon emissions come from burning the Amazon rainforest
15. Its remarkable bio-diversity is surprisingly in no small part thanks to the desert, of all places. As well as water, it seems plentiful supplies of fertilizing phosphorous in the topsoil are also crucial for long-term sustained plant growth. In 2015 NASA discovered the main supplier to the Amazon Rainforest is the Sahara Desert in Africa, has used satellite imaging to track a three-dimensional model of vast dust clouds containing the nutrient on a trans-Atlantic journey from the desert to the rainforest.



GUNAALAN

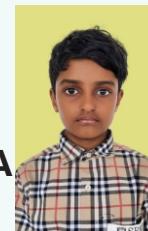
VI 'B'



NEWSLETTER
BY GRADE VI

- Ginkgo (Ginkgo biloba) is one of the oldest living tree species, it dates back to about 250 million years ago!
- The word pineapple comes from European explorers who thought the fruit combined the look of a pinecone with flesh like that of an apple!
- The Elephant grass found in Africa is named so as it is 4.5 meters high and even elephants can hide in it!
- Eating lots of onions will make you sleepy, as it acts as a sedative!
- Cucumber is a fruit and not a vegetable since it has seeds in the centre!
- A cluster of bananas is called a hand and consists of 10 to 20 bananas known as fingers!
- Vanilla flavouring comes from the pod of an orchid, Vanilla planifolia!
- The first certified botanical garden was founded by Pope Nicholas III in the Vatican City in 1278 AD!
- There are over 300,000 identified plant species and the list is growing all the time!
- Oak trees are struck by lightning more than any other tree!
- Carrots were originally purple in colour
- During the 1600s, tulips were so valuable in Holland that their bulbs were worth more than gold. The craze was called tulip mania and caused the crash of the Dutch economy.
- The baobab tree found in Africa can store 1,000 to 120,000 litres of water in its swollen trunk!
- Oak trees don't produce acorns until they are 50 years old!
- Caffeine serves the function of a pesticide in a coffee plant!
- At over 2000 kilometres long, The Great Barrier Reef is the largest living structure on Earth!
- The first product to have a bar code was Wrigley's gum!
- The evaporation from a large oak or beech tree is from ten to twenty-five gallons in twenty-four hours!
- Strawberry is the only fruit that bears its seeds on the outside. The average strawberry has 200 seeds!
- Leaving the skin on potatoes while cooking is healthier as all the vitamins are in the skin!
- Around 2000 different types of plants are used by humans to make food!
- Small pockets of air inside cranberries cause them to bounce and float in water!
- Bamboo is the fastest-growing woody plant in the world; it can grow 35 inches in a single day!
- A sunflower looks like one large flower, but each head is composed of hundreds of tiny flowers called florets, which ripen to become the seeds!
- Cabbage has 91% water content!
- Banana is an Arabic word for fingers!
- The California redwood (coast redwood and giant sequoia) are the tallest and largest living organism in the world!
- An average size tree can provide enough wood to make 170,100 pencils!
- The first type of aspirin, painkiller, and fever reducer came from the tree bark of a willow tree!
- 85% of plant life is found in the ocean!
- Bananas contain a natural chemical that can make people feel happy!

KRISH ADHITYA
VI 'B'



THE GREAT INVENTIONS OF MARIE CURIE

Marie Salomea Sklodowska-Curie was a physicist and chemist who was born on 7 November 1867 in Warsaw, Poland. She conducted pioneering research on radioactivity and was the first woman to win two Nobel Prizes. She studied at clandestine Flying University in Warsaw. She was married to a French Physicist Pierre Curie and she shared the 1903 Nobel Prize in Physics with him and with the physicist Henri Becquerel for their pioneering work developing the theory of "radioactivity"—a term she coined.

She found the Curie Institute in Paris in 1920 and Curie Institute in Warsaw in 1932; both remain major centres of medical research.

During World War I she developed mobile radiography units to provide X-ray services to field hospitals. and even though she is a French citizen she never lost her Polish identity so she named the first chemical element she discovered as Polonium because of her native country, Poland.

In addition to her Nobel prizes, she has got other honors and tributes; in 1995 she became the first woman to be entombed on her own merits in Paris' Panthéon, Poland declared 2011 the Year of Marie Curie during the International Year of Chemistry. She is the subject of numerous biographical works, where she is also known as Madame Curie.

She died because of her own invention; she was not aware of the dangers of radiation therefore Marie carried radioactive materials in her pocket and that caused to aplastic anemia and to her death on 4th July 1934 at Sancellemoz Sanatorium.

Now also Marie Curie's books and papers are still too radioactive to handle without protective equipment.



PARTHIBAN

VI 'B'



JUMP FROM DIFFERENT PLANETS

1. We can jump 1.6 feet high from the EARTH'S surface and stay 1 second in air.
2. We can jump 3 feet high from the MARS' surface and stay 3 seconds in air.
3. We can jump 25 feet high from the PLUTO'S surface and stay 9 to 10 seconds in air.
4. We can jump 145 feet high from the SATURN'S surface and stay 20 to 25 seconds in air.
5. When we jump on the COMET 67 P, we will land on another planet.



THANKYOU

THE GREEDY MILK MAN

Once upon a time there lived a milk man. He used to sell milk in his village. Though he worked hard he got only less money. This made him sad. His wife said "Though we work, we get only little money this not enough for family. Why can't we add water in the milk?". The milk man said, "Ok from tomorrow we will add Water." Then they went to sleep. The next morning the milk man added water to milk to increase the quantity. He took the milk to village. This time they got double of the money. So they were happy. The next morning this continued and he went for selling the milk but nobody bought milk.

Because the milk was like water they stopped buying milk from him. Then only the milk man realized his mistake and asked sorry to everyone and said "From tomorrow onwards, I will not add water in milk".

Moral : Don't be greedy.



POZHIL
VI 'B'

SACHIN PRADEEP A

VI 'B'

Fact Number 1: Did you know that our seventh planet from our sun Uranus is not only called the 3rd largest planet also the stinky planet in our solar system because of rich in sulfur di-oxide.

Fact Number 2: Did you know that a black hole of 10 times sun's mass will be in a size of an orange!!

Fact Number 3: The distance between earth and the moon is too long. We can fit all the planets of the solar system in the gap.

Fact Number 4: Did you know only spiral galaxies contain a super massive black hole in its centre.

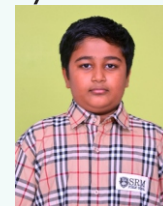
Fact Number 5: Did you know that a planet called methusala is the oldest planet in the universe its age is 1,302 crore years old the universe's age is only 1,303 crore years.

Fact Number 6: Did you know that when our sun was born Venus was in the habitable zone. After our sun got hotter, the earth became habitable Zone.

Fact Number 7: Did you know that Jupiter's moon Europa has 2 times more water than earth but below its icy surface.

P. SARVAN

VI 'B'



THE BOY AND THE WOLF

Once there was a shepherd boy who was grazing his sheep near a village. He thought of a joke. He shouted at the top of his voice "Wolf! Wolf!". When the villagers heard his voice they came at once with their sticks. By reaching there they found that the boy has made fool of them. People become very angry. After few days the boy repeated the joke. The villagers cursed him and went away. One day a wolf actually came he shouted for help but no one came. The wolf killed him and his sheep.

Moral: Once a liar, always a liar.



SAMYUKTHA

VI 'B'

OUR PLANET EARTH

Earth is the only planet which has life and marvelous planet which we are living in.

Surface of earth is 3/4th covered by water, hence, it is called as blue planet.

Earth is the 3rd planet from the sun and 5th biggest planet in the solar system. Earth has a twin which is Venus. Earth is spherical in shape. When Earth was formed, it had only one continent, later, it has got separated into 7 different continents. Earth is 4.54 billion years old and it is one of the rockiest. Earth is 150 million kilometers away from sun. Amazingly, Earth can support 9 billion- 10 billion people. Earth has a moon and its name is Luna.

Fun Facts

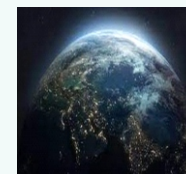
Scientists are saying that Earth will blast off in 1.5 billion years

Some scientists believe, earth is living and breathing

Trees are considered as lungs of Earth. Earth has a total of 360 longitudes

Conclusion

We are destroying Earth's beautiful atmosphere by throwing ridiculously large quantity of plastics which should be avoided to protect our mother earth and cherish its offerings to human life.



SREEJAN

VI 'B'

THE ORIGIN OF YOGA

Yoga is a practice that involves the physical, mental and spiritual self. It was a discipline that originated in ancient India and was aimed at instilling peace of mind and body with concentration, meditation, postures and breathing. Yoga can be said to have over 5000 years of history and is probably one of the oldest ways to keep track of your mind and body. History reveals that it was Indian monks who spread their knowledge of yoga in the West. Yoga styles range from gentle to physically demanding postures. Not every pose is recommended for everyone practising yoga.

Common Yoga Poses for Everyone

1. Cat and Cow Pose
2. Child's Pose
3. Downward Dog Pose
4. Plank Pose
5. Cobra Pose
6. Triangle Pose
7. Tree Pose
8. Bridge Pose
9. Supine Twist
10. Mountain Pose



PRAKUL S
VI 'C'

RIDDLES FOR FUN

Riddle: What starts with a P, ends with an E and has thousands of letters?

Answer: The post office

Riddle: What can you catch but not throw?

Answer: A cold

Riddle: What begins with T, ends with T and has T in it?

Answer: A teapot

Riddle: There is one word spelled wrong in every English dictionary. What is it?

Answer: Wrong

MATH RIDDLES

Riddle: If you go to the movies and you're paying, is it cheaper to take one friend to the movies twice or two friends to the movies at the same time?

Answer: It's cheaper to take two friends at the same time. Explanation: In this case, you would only be buying three tickets, whereas if you take the same friend twice, you are purchasing four tickets.



NITHIS KUMARAN.R.N
VI 'E'



SYED RAIHAN
VI 'C'

There is beauty,
Sometimes you just have to find it,
Search the ends of the earth if you
need to Close your eyes.
Maybe it's in your dreams, or the back
of your mind
It's in your smile, and your laughter
Even in your pain, and your tears
Beauty is in the art you create,
The words you compose together,
or the song you sing Beauty, they say,
is in the eyes of the beholder
It's everywhere It's in the sun, and the
stars,
the nighttime sky and the moon, it's
even in a melodious tune
Beauty is in everything,
If you search for it and most
importantly, Beauty is in love



D.SUBHASHINI
VI 'B'

GRANDFATHER IN GARDEN

In all of our life we can know many things in world like how the car runs, how to respect elders and how to live in our life.

One boy lived in a small village with his small family. The family was very poor and in the family the boy's grandfather had a small garden. All of them wanted Grandfather to sell the garden to get some money. One day the boy went to the grandfather and asked if he could help him in the garden. The grandfather told him to help him by watering the plants. After one month all the plants started to give fruits and vegetables. Now the grandfather was very happy and feeling proud of his garden.

The boy and his grandfather went to the market and sold all the vegetables and fruits. They got a lot of money. They went to their family and showed the money they had earned. The family was happy and grandfather said the land or garden will not cheat us.



RITHICK
VI 'C'

With small and cute steps
She makes my heart flutter
A promise she kept
To make me swoon over her glitter
Eyes filled with curiosity she possesses
Always packed with fusses
Like a blabbermouth in a box
She talks
An attitude she's got
The fights we've fought
Always ending in a quick kiss
Both of us in bliss
The beauty she emits
All of us have to admit
She can't be true
With her time flew
My life would be incomplete forever
Without her
My Pet, My Dog, My Sister
COCOA



VEDANSHI KARTHI
VI 'B'

ENGLISH CLUB

Make New Words

Change the first letter and make another word, with the help of the clues. One has been done for you.

1. Rope - a feeling of expectation and desire for a particular thing to happen. (hope)
2. Bank - a large storage chamber, especially for liquid or gas.
3. Water - provide people with food and drink at a social event or gathering.
4. Boat - an outer garment with sleeves, worn outdoors.
5. Bomb - a large vault, typically an underground one, for burying the dead.
6. Push - a shrub or clump of shrubs with stems of moderate length.
7. City - regret or disappointment.

Find the correct meaning

Read the first word. Choose the correct meaning from those given on the right side.

1. Establish - a) previous b) set up c) solace
2. Sympathy - a) pity b) belief c) lucky
3. Prior - a) worn out b) fortunate c) earlier
4. Doctrine - a) creed b) philosophy c) a degree
5. Comfort - a) distress b) consolation c) magnify

ANSWER

MAKE NEWWORDS

2. tank, 3. cater, 4. coat, 5. tomb, 6. brush, 7. pity.

FIND THE CORRECT MEANING

1-b; 2-a; 3-d; 4-a; 5-b

EASY PUZZLES

Guess What?



Think Big

Answer



Screen + Shot



Screenshot

Guess the Subject ?

5



+



+

G

Guess the Subject ?



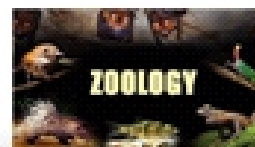
ZOO



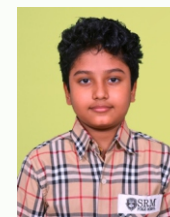
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Zoology



SAAKETH
VI 'C'



S. DEEPIKA
VI 'C'

RATOCRITO (The story of a publisher)**Part- I**

It was 6:00 am in the morning. The day was Sunday and the date was 12.12.1990. I was born in Old Mouse City, wait I just forgot to introduce myself. My name is Ratocrito.

So where was I? Yes! When I born there was a fight happening between the rodents and the government. The government was a huge headache for us. As they would ask so many things from us like money, Jewels, property etc....

With all these problems aside I was born. Soon the problems got bigger. The government just wanted so much of money etc.... They decided to kill the people but not the house, bank, temple etc....

Just when I was born the news headlines started and guess what? It was 'The Rodents Gazette'. At that time it was my grandfather's company. The news was 'The government planned to kill all the rodents'. It was a shocking news for all the rodents but not for me.

Just then another shocking news came and it was "The Government are ready to explode the bomb in 10sec". It was the last seconds for my parents. The bomb exploded and so many people died and injured but the sad thing my parents died. Few of them escaped in the bomb crash. The injured people were in the hospital. The dead bodies were thrown in the near river, dam, ocean etc....

The old mouse city got destroyed and we can't live there. So we decided to choose another place to live. We found this island to live and we named this island as New Mouse City.

A.M.SAILENDRANATHAN

VI 'C'

**AMAZING FACTS ABOUT HUMAN BODY**

Your eyes blink 20 times a minute. That's over ten million times a year.!

Your ear never stop growing!

The tongue is covered with about 8000 taste-buds, each containing up to cells helping you taste your food!

You are produce about 40,000 liters of spit in your lifetime. Or to put it in another way, enough spit to fill around five hundred bathtubs-yuck!

The average nose produces about a cupful of nasal mucus every day!

You are about 1cm taller in the morning when you first get up than when you go to bed. This is because during the day the soft cartilage between your bones get squashed and compressed.

If you walked for 12 hours a day, it would take the average person 690 days to walk around the world

The only muscle that never tires is the heart

The entire surface of your skin is replaced every month which put another way means you have about 1000 different skin in you're your life!

**AADHITHIYA**

VI 'C'

FARMER

Farmer, a Man with one goal

Soul filled to achieve the goal

What we eat comes from Farm

These Farms make our living Charm

Farmer sows the seeds for an abundant yield

Which we can get only from his Field.....

**R.TANVI**

VI 'C'

FUN RIDDLES

1. What has two hands and a face. But no arms or legs?

Ans: A Clock

2. What has a neck, but no head?

Ans: A bottle

3. What can you throw, but not catch?

Ans: A Party

4. What can you catch, but not throw?

Ans: A Cold

5. Why did the lady throw the clock out the window?

Ans: She wanted to see, how time flies

DID YOU KNOW ?

Fire has no shadow .

There is a pet penguin named lala in japan .

'Tibetan Mastiff' the world's most expensive dog worth \$1.5 million.

Indonesia's currency has Lord Shri Ganesh in it .

Holland currency has Lord Shri Ram in it .

India is the inventor of :

Chess

Shampoo

Number Zero

Ink

Surgery

Proud to be an Indian



A. TANUJA
VI 'C'



SAMARPANA
VI 'C'

AMAZING FACTS ABOUT ANIMALS

Facts and my thoughts

v Crocodiles cannot stick their tongue out! (cant slurp its yummy food)

v Humming birds are the only birds that can fly backwards! (A reverse gear in an air jet?)

v A common garden snail has 14,000 teeth! (say Cheese dear snail)

v Polar bears skin is jet black (There is no Glow and lovely in artic)

v The deadliest animal is not tiger, lion or bear – its mosquitoes that kills over 8,00,000 human every year (I just unlocked a new fear!)

v Even after its head is cut-off, a cockroach can live for a week (my goodness!)

v A blue whales tongue can weigh as much as a car / a elephant calf (Still They don't go for morning walks)

v Howler monkeys are the loudest of land animals – you can hear him from 3 miles away (I thought my mom's wakeup call was the loudest!)

v More than half the population of Pigs are grown in China farms (now we know why the other half of the world is clean)

v Monkeys went to space before human! (Lucky one da!)

v Dolphins put only half their brain to sleep so that they don't drown (Oh they outsmarted school children in the class... Ummm)

Finally Humans are also animals – Darwin theory!



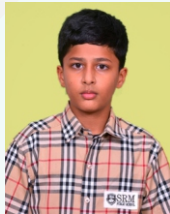
N. DIYA
VI 'C'

- வெற்றி என்பது மனதின் நிலை. நீங்கள் வெற்றியடைய விரும்பினால், உங்களை ஒரு வெற்றியாளராக நினைக்கத் தொடங்குங்கள்.--ஜாய்ஸ் பிரதர்ஸ்
- வெற்றிக்கான இரகசியம் என்று எதுவும் இல்லை, இது முன்னேற்பாடு, கடின உழைப்பு மற்றும் தோல்வியிலிருந்து கற்றுக்கொள்ளல் இவைக்கான பிரதிபலனாகும்.--கொலின் பவல்
- மெதுவாக வளரும் மரங்களே, சிறந்த பழங்களைத் தருகின்றன.--மோலியர்
- வெற்றி என்பது முன்னேற்பாடும் வாய்ப்பும் சந்திக்கும் இடம்.--பாபி அன்சர்
- வெற்றி என்பது நீங்கள் ஒவ்வொரு நாளும் செய்யும் சிறு சிறு முயற்சிகளின் கூட்டுத்தொகையாகும். --ராபர்ட் கோலியர்
- செயலே அனைத்து வெற்றிகளுக்கும் அடித்தளமாகும்.--பப்லோ பிகாசோ
- தன்னம்பிக்கையும் கடின உழைப்பும், உங்களுக்கு எப்போதும் வெற்றியைத் தரும்.--விராட் கோலி
- திறமை ஒரு பரிசு, ஆனால் கடின உழைப்பால் மட்டுமே உங்களால் வெற்றியடைய முடியும். --ஜீன் பெலிவோ
- சுய ஒழுக்கம் இல்லாமல், வெற்றி சாத்தியமற்றது.--லூ ஹோல்ட்ஸ்
- வெற்றிக்கான பாதையில் வேகக்கட்டுப்பாடு எதுவும் இல்லை.--டேவிட் பிள்யூ. ஜான்சன்
- எங்களை நாங்களே உருவாக்குகின்றோம், ஆனால் வெற்றியாளர்கள் மட்டுமே அதை ஒப்புக்கொள்வார்கள்.--ஏரல் நைட்டிங்கேல்
- ஆபத்துக்களை எதிர்கொள்ளாமல், உயர்ந்த விடயங்களை ஒருபோதும் அடைய முடியாது. --நிக்கோலோ மச்சியாவெல்லி
- வெற்றி பெற்ற தொழில் முனைவோரையும், வெற்றி பெறாத தொழில் முனைவோரையும் வேறுபடுத்துவது "விடாமுயற்சி" என்று நான் நம்புகிறேன்.--ஸ்டீவ் ஜாப்ஸ்
- போரே இல்லாமல் கிடைக்கும் வெற்றிதான் மிகச்சிறந்த வெற்றி.--சுன் கு

NATURE'S MUSIC

I love nature's music,
And summer time songs.
In the forest , great singers
Gather in throngs.

The wind plays the harp,
All the birds take the tune.
The bass part is sung
By the man in the moon!



MAHENDRAVARMAN

VI 'D'



LAKSHAYAN.C

VI 'D'

Student Articles...



NEWSLETTER
BY GRADE VI

LAL BAHADUR SHASTRI'S SHORT STORY ON HONESTY

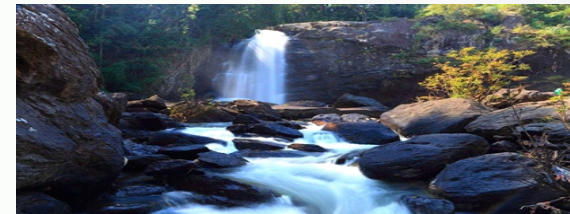
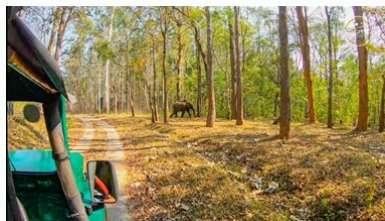
When Lal Bahadur Shastri was serving as the prime minister of India, he went to a textile mill. He requested the owner of the mill to show him some Sarees for his wife. The owner showed him some exquisite sarees. When Shastri ji asked the price, he found them too expensive. He asked for cheaper sarees. The owner showed him cheaper sarees. But, Shastri ji still found them expensive. The owner was surprised and told him that he need not worry about the prices as he was the prime minister of India and it would be his privilege to give the sarees to him as gift. To this Shastri ji replied that he could not accept such expensive gifts and he would only take a saree that he could afford.



MATHIVADHANI
VI 'D'

MY TRIP TO WAYANAD

During the summer vacation, my family and I went to Wayanad on 10th may. When I got down at Kozhikode station the time was 3:00 am and it was raining heavily. We took a taxi to our hotel. It took a long time to reach our hotel and when we reached the hotel, the time was 6:00 am. We kept the bag at our room and we dressed up to go out. The first day we saw Edakkal caves. It was very nice to see. The edakkal caves was a very old cave, it was built over 6000 BC and has many sculptures of neolithic age. These caves are located 1,200 m above the sea level on Ambukutty hills. It was very hard to climb up the caves. It is about 25km. after a long time we finally reached at the top. It was very beautiful very view at the top. On the second day, first we went to Kuruva island. From the entrance we took a bamboo raft to reach the island. Kuruva island is a place of natural beauty with a rare species of trees and water stream. The second place we went is Muthanga wildlife sanctuary. We went on a jeep safari. We saw deer and elephant but we couldn't see any cheetah's or tigers. we went about 2:00 to that place returned at 5:30.



On the third day, first we went to Soochipara falls. It took 20 to 30min to climb down to reach soochipara falls. The falls was about 200m. Second place we went is Banasura dam. It is a natural earth dam. There we went on a speed boat. It was a nice experience. After finishing the tour, we went to railway station and then got back to our home. I really enjoyed the trip and it was a very memorable trip for me.

Thank you



HIRANMAYI
VI 'D'

1. I speak without a mouth and hear without ears. I have no body, but I come alive with wind. What am I?

Ans: An echo

2. You measure my life in hours and I serve you by expiring. I'm quick when I'm thin and slow when I'm fat. The wind is my enemy.

Ans: Candle

3. I have cities, but no houses. I have mountains, but no trees. I have water, but no fish. What am I?

Ans: A Map

4. What is seen in the middle of March and April that can't be seen at the beginning or end of either month?

Ans: The Letter "R".



NISHANTH
VI 'D'

THE STORY OF THE LION AND BOAR

It was a hot summer day. A lion and a boar reach a small water body for a drink. They begin arguing and fighting about who should drink first. After a while, they are tired and stop for breath, when they notice vultures above. Soon they realize that the vultures are waiting for one or both of them to fall, to feast on them. The lion and the boar then decide that it is best to make up and be friends than fight and become food for vultures. They drink the water together and part their ways peacefully.



NIVETHA

VI 'D'

THE ANT AND THE DOVE

One hot day, an ant was searching for some water. After walking around for some time, she came to a spring. To reach the spring she had to climb up a blade of grass. While making her way up, she slipped and fell into the water. She could have drowned if a dove up a nearby tree had not seen her. Seeing that the ant was in trouble, the dove quickly plucked off a leaf and dropped it into the water near the struggling ant. The ant moved towards the leaf and climbed up there. Soon it carried her safely to dry ground. Just at their time of hunger nearby was throwing out his net toward the dove, hoping to trap it. Guessing what he was about to do the ant quickly bit him on the heel. Feeling the pain the hunter dropped his net. The dove was quick to fly away to safety.

Moral: One good turn deserves another

OH! MY DEAR TEACHER

She takes me through a magic land
Her words Fall like sun's ray
She can't always be right
But unlike us she never fights
She was a total stranger on the first day
But now you see she has a special place in my heart
Can you guess who she is?
Of course she's my dear teacher!



SAMHITHA ANANDAN

VI 'D'



PRANAVI

VI 'D'

TIGER -OUR PRIDE

The one who is bright,
In the mid of the night.
He is a tiger,
One of the jungle's hunter.
Jungle's hunter,
Is now low in number,
Because of poacher.
Our national animal,
Is now becoming a trivial.



SIVA SUBRAMANIAM

VI 'D'

FOOD

Food we eat is good.
It won't be bad, don't
Be sad. If you eat it
And sit, you will be
Fat a bit! It is from
Your wealth, if you
Eat it you will have
A good health. It can
Be tasted, it can't be Wasted.



SAI SANJITH.T

VI 'D'

Don't Tell

There are lots of things
They won't let me do
I'm not big enough yet,
They say.
So, I patiently wait
Till I'm all grown-up;
And I'll show them all,
One day.
I could show them now
If they give me the chance,
There are things I could do
If I tried.
But nobody knows,
No nobody knows, that I'm
Really a giant,
Inside.



TEJASVINI

VI 'D'

தமிழ் விடுகதைகள்

1. அனைவரையும் நடுங்க வைப்பான்,
ஆதவனுக்கு மட்டுமே அடங்குவான் – அவன் யார்?
விடை: குளிர்.
2. ஒரு யானை வேகமாக ரேஷன் கடைக்கு ஓடுது.
ஓடிய யானை ரேஷன் கடையில் என்ன வாங்கும்?
விடை: மூச்சு வாங்கும்.
3. முகத்தில் இல்லாத, முடியும் இல்லாத தாடி எது?
விடை: காத்தாடி.
4. கடற்கரையில் வீடு கட்டினா என்ன ஆகும்?
விடை: செலவாகும்.

தமிழ் கவிதை

1. உண்மையான நண்பன்
நம் துன்பத்தில் இருப்பான்,
தீய நண்பன்
நம் மகிழ்ச்சியில் மட்டுமே இருப்பான்.
2. கண்ணாடி தான் என்
உண்மையான நண்பன் – ஏனென்றால்
நான் அழும் போது அது
ஒருபோதும் சிரித்ததில்லை.



RITHURAJ

VI 'D'



KAVIYASHRI

VI 'D'

Student Articles...



NEWSLETTER

BY GRADE VI

RAINBOW

In my dream, I saw a rainbow,
So colourful & bright,
It was just so beautiful,
That I gazed at the amazing sight,
Just now I saw a rainbow,
You know how it looks like?
I just stood there watching,
Tears rolling down my eyes.
There's more for me to add,
But the rainbow is gone, so sad,
Now time to say goodbye,
As we go riding by.



S.DHARUNIKA

VI 'E'

THE ROLLS-ROYCE

If it comes to cars most of the people would like to choose Rolls-Royce. It is the only one car that I feel so luxurious. My personal favourite car is Rolls-Royce phantom. It is the car that can go on any type of road Rough, plain, etc..... For me it looks like jaguar. Do you know it is the silentest car of the world. The cars of Rolls-Royce is made by hand. Do you know The Spirit of Ecstasy on the bonnet ornament sculpture on rolls cars. It is in the form of a woman leaning forwards with her arms outstretched behind and above her. The best look of Rolls Royce is in Green and black colour. Do you know the most expensive car of Rolls Royce is Rolls – Royce Boat tail about 200 crore. The first electric car of Rolls Royce 103ex is going to launch before 2030. The first car produced by the partnership of Charles Rolls and Henry Royce was the 1904 Rolls-Royce 10 horsepower, two-cylinder car. Mark Court has been the only person who has been painting the pinstripes on all Rolls-Royce cars since 2003.



ANSHPAL

VI 'E'

ZIRO VALLEY, ARUNACHAL PRADESH

Tucked away in the forbidding mountain-scape of Arunachal Pradesh, Ziro Valley is an entrancing holiday destination in North East India which magnetizes everyone with its hypnotic natural charm peppered with sprawling rice fields, quaint villages and rolling green hills veiled under thick layers of vibrant flora. While the tranquility of this charming little town makes it a soul seekers paradise, its epitomic scenic beauty also entices innumerable nature lovers and photographers who specially travel here from far and wide to soak their souls in the place's ethereal natural splendor. The place is great for adventure seekers too; whether one is looking forward to a soul-captivating trekking experience, a jungle camping fun or wildlife exploration, Ziro is not going to leave anyone disappointed.



DHANANYAA SREE

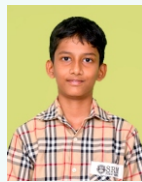
VI 'E'



Sadio Mane Is One Of The Most Humble Footballers In The World. He has never, ever forgotten where he has come from. Mane had nothing as a kid and aged 16, with his parents not allowing him to leave school, packed his stuff and ran away. He hails from Bambali in Senegal and has completely transformed his home village with an incredible amount of gestures. In April 2018, Mane donated £200,000 to help finance a new secondary school and he says, "I do not do this for publicity. And he has given the world a lesson in modesty. After some fans spotted him carrying a cracked iPhone. While preparing for a game in the Premier League, Mane had outlined that his major goal after becoming one of the top players was to help people. "Why would I want ten Ferraris, 20 diamond watches and two jet planes? What would that do for the world? I starved, I worked in the fields, I played barefoot, and I didn't go to school. Now I can help people. I prefer to build schools and give poor people food or clothing. I have built schools [and] a stadium; we provide clothes, shoes, and food for people in extreme poverty. In addition, I give 70 euros per month to all people from a very poor Senegalese region in order to contribute to their families. I do not need to display luxury cars, luxury homes, trips, and even planes. I prefer that my people receive a little of what life has given me," Mane said.

ARJITH SOUNDA

VI 'E'



BERMUDA TRIANGLE

Bermuda Triangle is the section of the north Atlantic Ocean, North America in which more than 50 ships, 20 aeroplanes are said to have mysteriously disappeared. The area whose boundaries are not universally agreed upon has a vaguely triangular shape marked by the Atlantic coast of the Florida Panhandle (in the United States), Bermuda, and the Greater Antilles.

Bermuda:

Reports of unexplained occurrences in the region date of the mid-19th century. Some ships were discovered completely abandoned for no apparent reason; Others transmitted no distress signals and were never seen or heard from again.

RAVIKRISHNAN

VI 'E'



OWL

Owls are birds from the order Strigiformes which includes over 200 species of mostly solitary and nocturnal birds. They are unique with upright stance, a large, broad head, binocular vision, binaural hearing, sharp talons, and feathers adapted for silent flight.

The size range of owls is about the same as that of their day-active counterparts, the hawks, with lengths of about 13–70 cm (5–28 inches) and wingspans between 0.3–2.0 metres (1–6.6 feet). Most owl species are at the lower end of the size range. Owls apparently feed only on animals.

Owls have binocular vision similar to humans, meaning they can see an object with both eyes at the same time. This gives owls a great ability to judge height, weight, and distance. They also have extraordinary night vision and far-sightedness, but there's a drawback.

All owls are predators; they depend on other animals for food. However, very few predators feed on owls (except sometimes other owls). In fact, owls often eat other predators, such as weasels, bats, shrews and insect-eating birds.



THANYA.T

VI 'E'



Artistic Expressions...

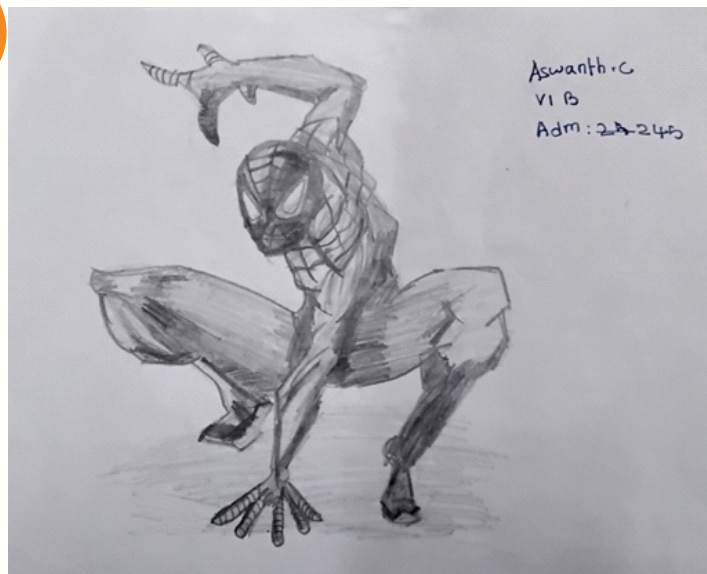


Kashvi.B
VI 'A'



T.K.B ARAWAAZHI ANIRUTHTHAN

VI 'B'



ASWANTH.C
VI 'B'



SHINY.R
VI 'B'



VEDANSHI KARTHI

VI 'B'



TASNEEM BANU
VI 'B'

Artistic Expressions...



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BY GRADE VI

Artistic Expressions...



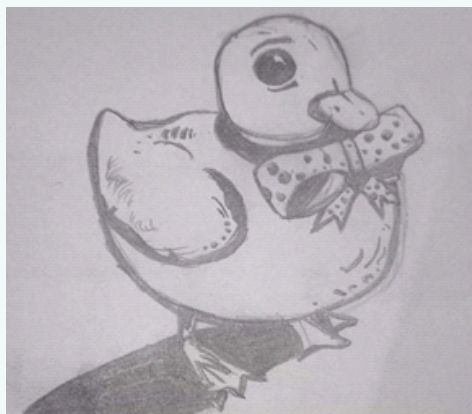
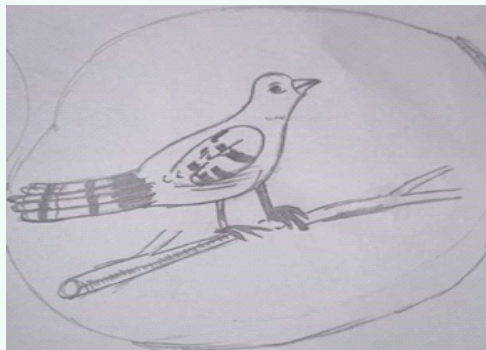
R.TARAN
VI 'C'

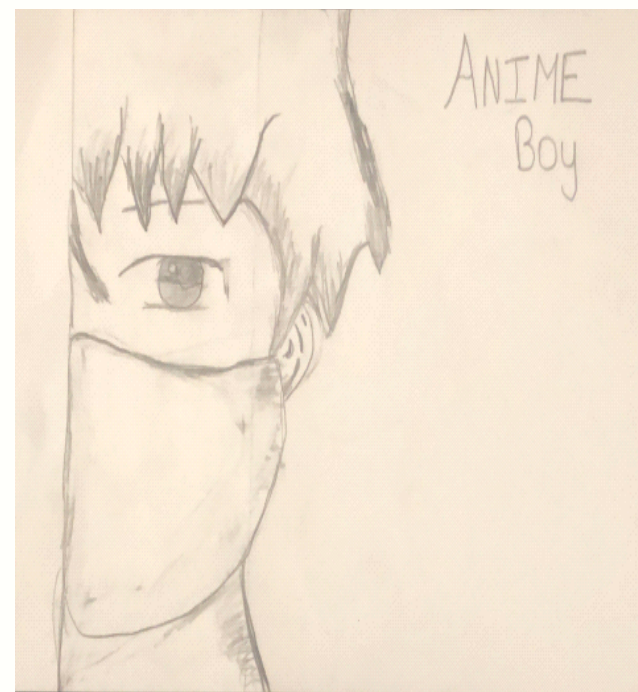
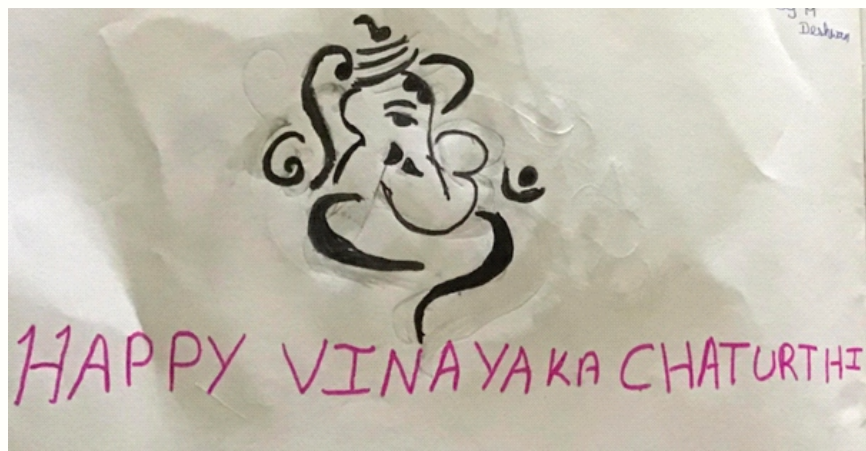


THEJASWINI.M
VI 'C'



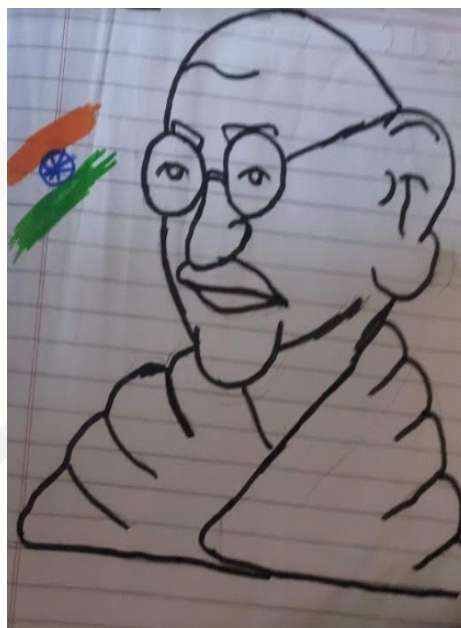
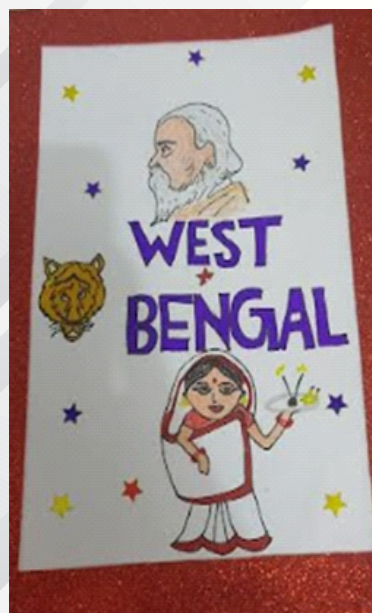
JITHESHWARAN.K
VI 'C'





DESHWAN.M

VI 'D'



PRAJAN

VI 'D'

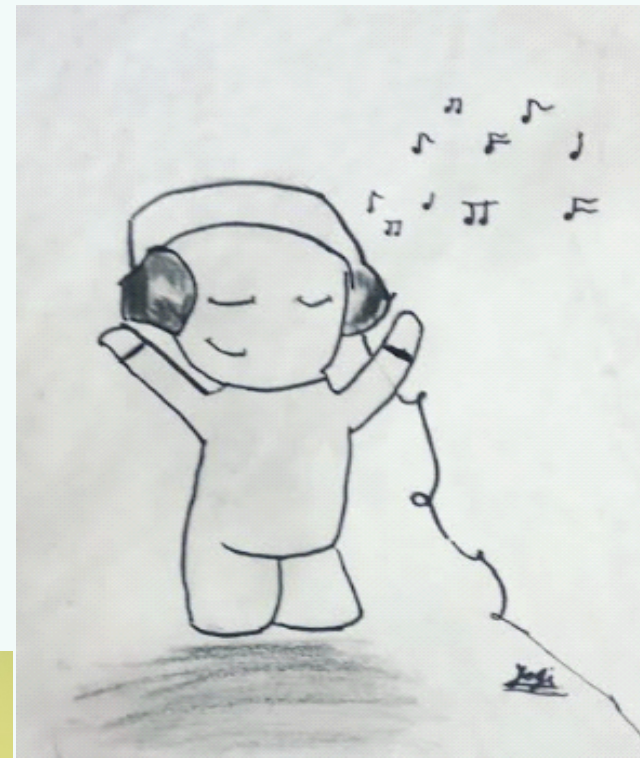


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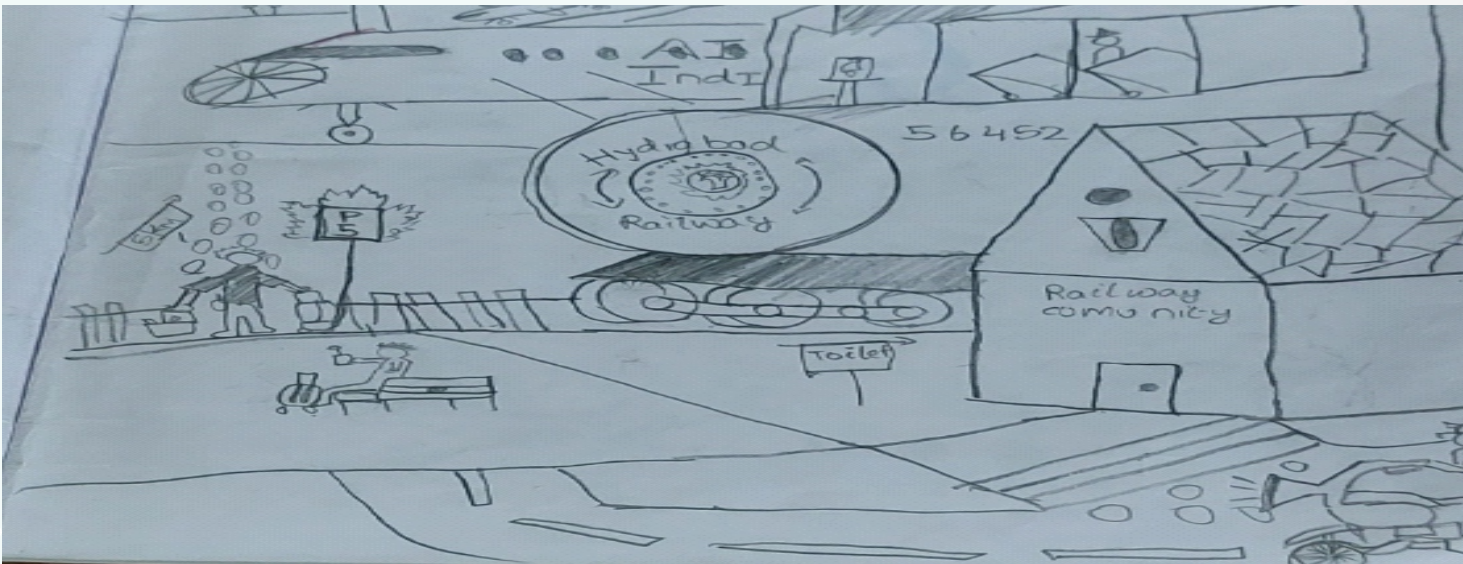
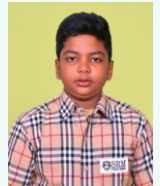
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SANJAY
VI 'D'

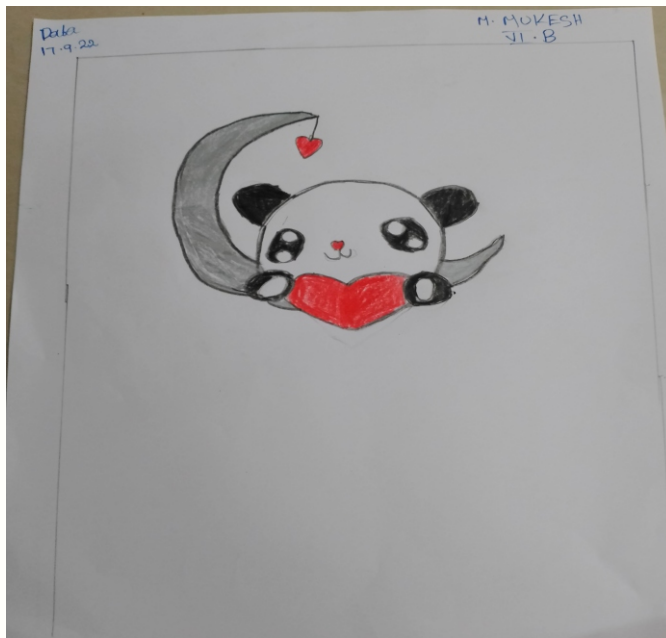


YOGESH
VI 'D'



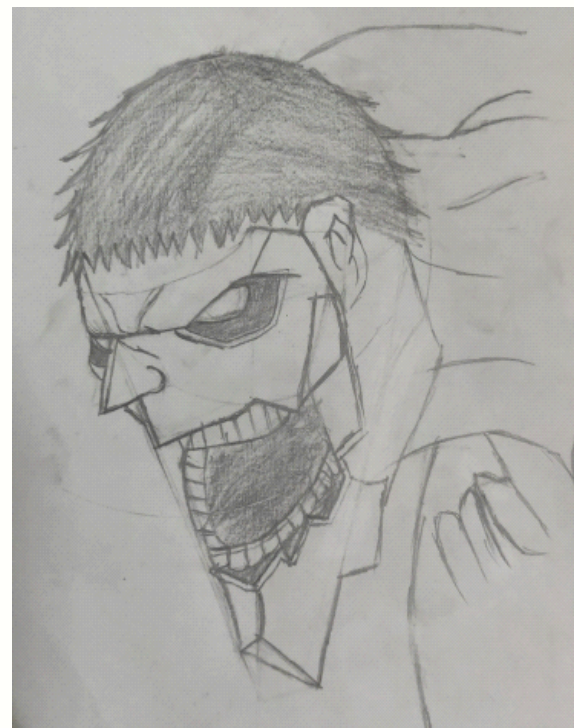
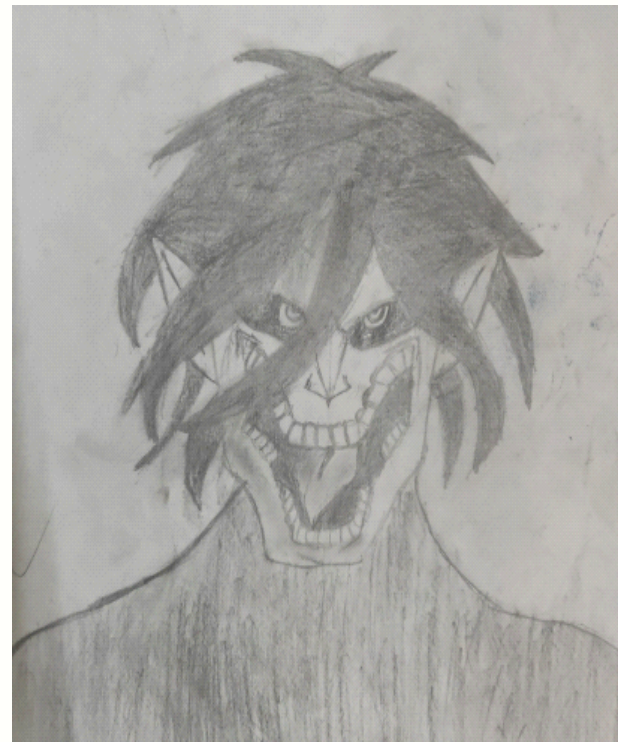
SRIKRISHNA TRIVIKRAM
VI 'E'





MUKESH

VI 'B'



VI 'E'

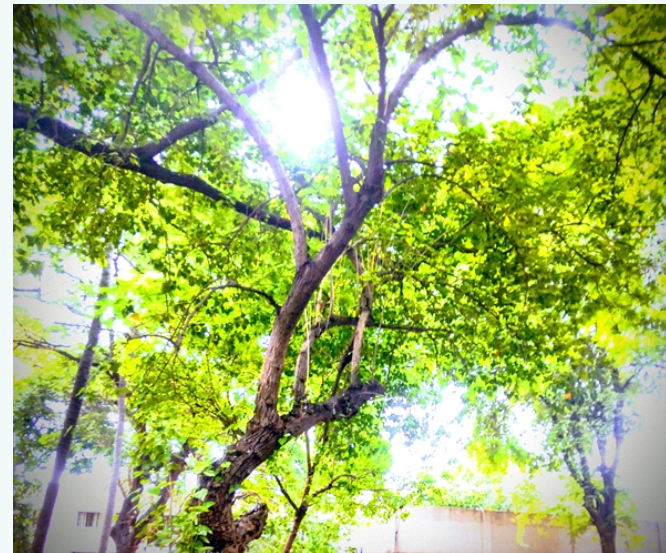
PINJARI SATHVIK

Artistic Expressions...

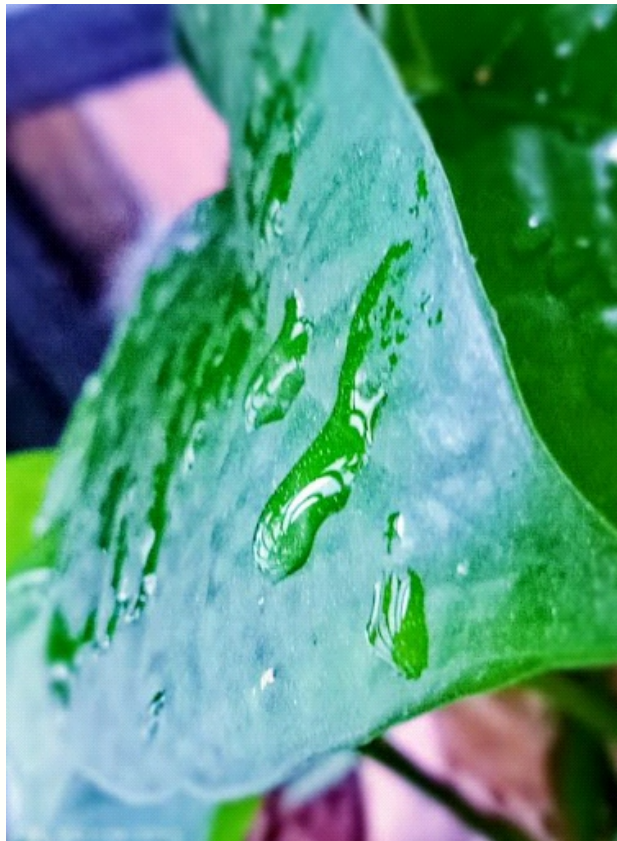


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Artistic Expressions...



SRINIKHA
VI'E'



ANSHPAL

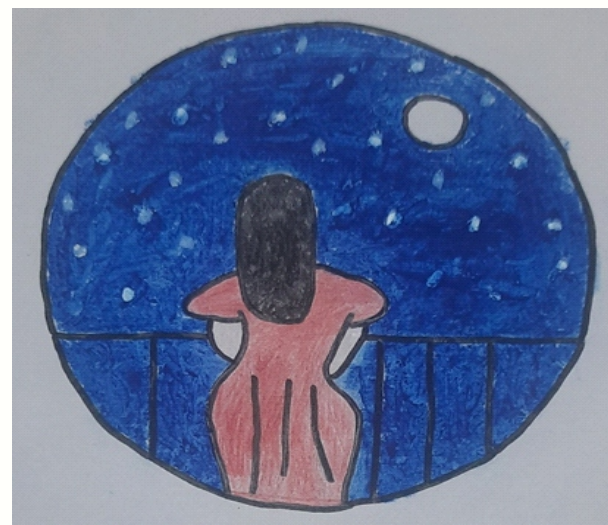
VI 'E'

Artistic Expressions...



MATHIVADHANI

VI 'D'



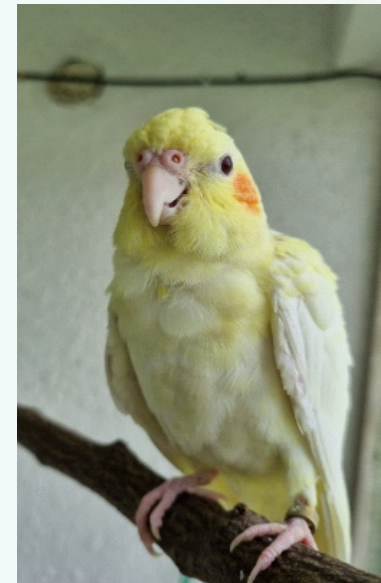
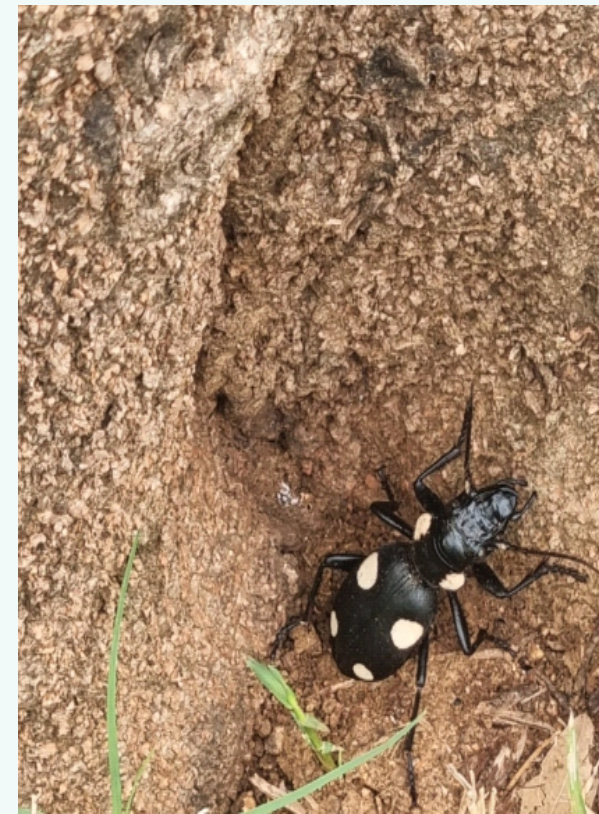
S.M.SAGITHARSHINI

VI 'B'

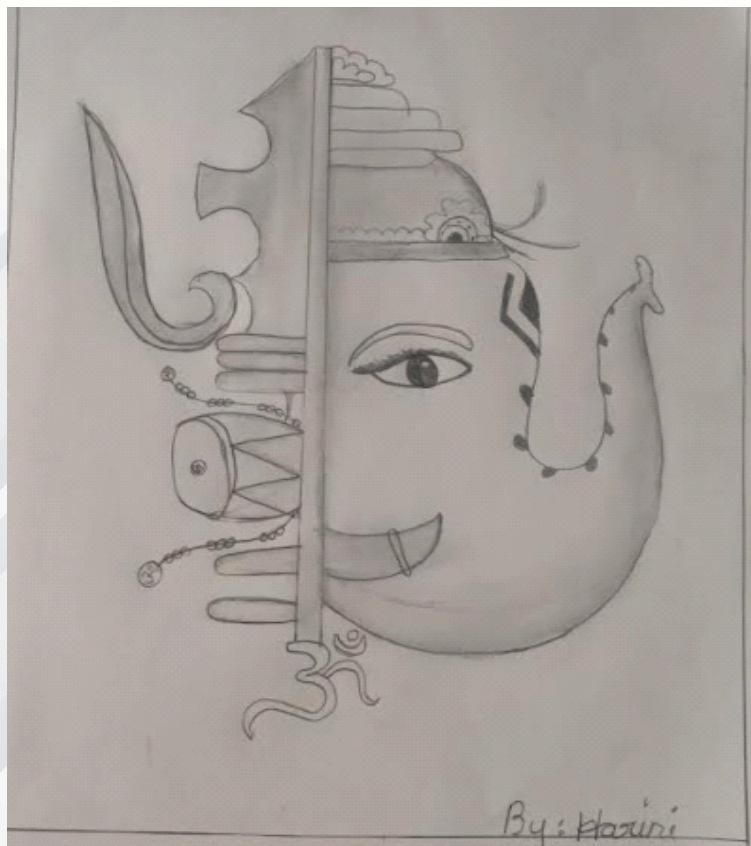
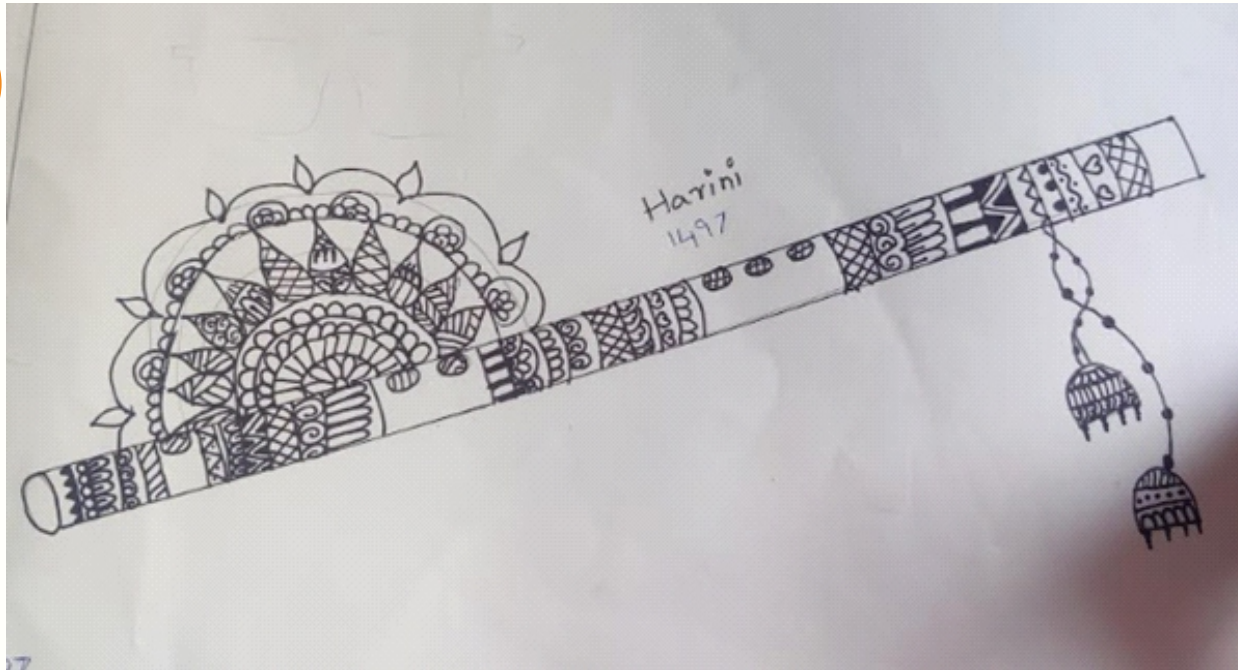


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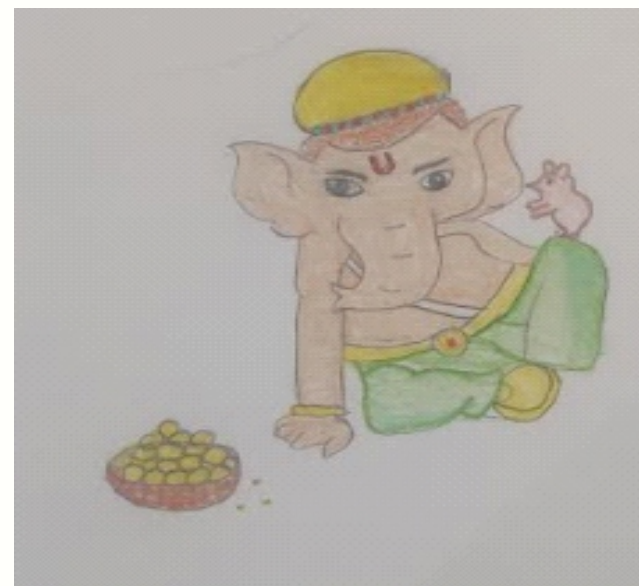
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RAIHAAN HAFEEZ
VI'E'

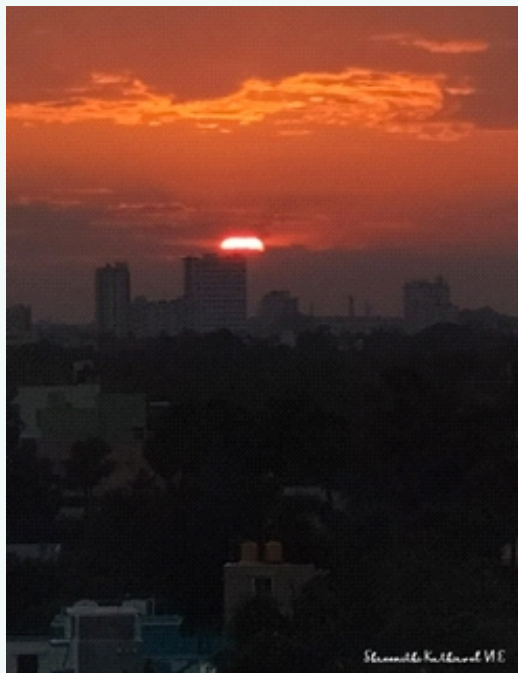


HARINI
VI 'E'



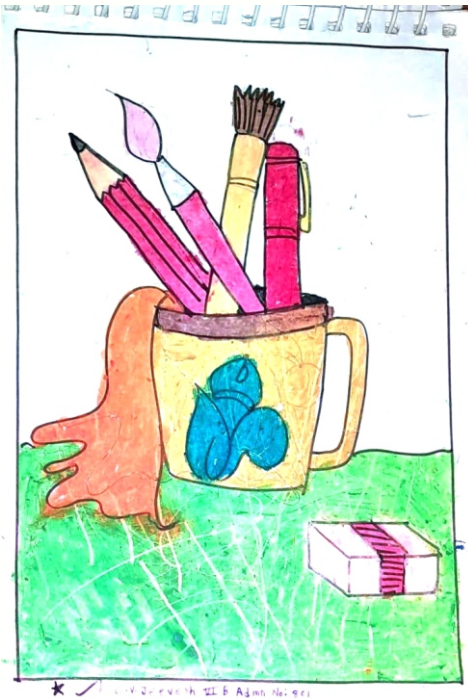
Artistic Expressions...

Abhivyakti
2022-2023
NEWSLETTER
BY GRADE VI



SHRINITHI KATHIRVEL
VI'E'





G.V. Jeevesh VI B Adm No: 801



G.V. Jeevesh VI B Adm No: 801



G.V. Jeevesh VI B

Adm No: 801

Artistic Expressions...



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JEEVESH
VI 'B'



G.V. Jeevesh VI B Adm No: 801





SRM-AP in association with SRMIST and SRM college of physiotherapy, Katangulathur inaugurated the physio run as a part of observing World Physiotherapy Day for the cause of child protection, child disability and the environment. SRMPS was given this certificate of recognition of their support and contribution to this relay run, with the desire to spread the awareness about the cause of disability and most importantly to destigmatize disability.



SRMPS champions were awarded third place for their stellar performance in the Tamil Nadu sub-junior korfbal national tournament on the 3rd September 2022 in Himachal Pradesh.



K.S Bavithran and A.Rakshita of grade XI won the third position in the Crystal Growing Challenge organised by SRMIST Kattankalathur, on 16th September 2022.



Ms.Yogashree Jagadeesan and Mast. Mohd Akram Khan Lodi, Engineering Graphics student of Grade XII presented a project integrating math, computer science and robotics and engineered a working model which was presented at SRMIST Vadapalani campus during a conclave on 15 September, World Engineers Day.





Inspirational guru award content 'Achievement with sheer determination' SRMPS is immensely proud to announce that the principal has been awarded the best principal by SSVI Institutions. Adding one more feather to the cap, Mr. Sathish had won the 'inspirational guru award' rendered by the same group.

Awards & Achievements...

SRMPS celebrated its sixth annual day on 3rd September 2022. Students' jaunty appearance and performance stole the show and left the audience spellbound. Lots of applause and appreciation poured in as they performed on the stage. SRMPS shone with brilliant effulgence during the show. A fantabulous event to cherish!!!



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BY GRADE VI

Admissions open for the Academic Session 2023-24

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